FUNCTIONAL

SPRING 2024 INVESTOR PRESENTATION

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Mission

Building a Suite of Health & Wellness Lifestyle Brands







Challenge

Supplement Industry:

- Subpar quality rampant in the industry
- Increased regulations surrounding supplements
- Lack of industry consistency
- Lack of efficacy



Hemp Derived Industries:

- Riddled with regulations which hinders the ability to build a hemp-derived brand that's federally legal
- Fragmented due to state regulations
- No household names or national brands





Company Overview - Brands





P21

Wellness Brands

- Established brand with market penetration and household awareness - over 70 years
- Consistent top line revenue of \$10M+
- Global distribution across 20+ countries in Europe, MENA and APAC regions as well as the States
- Market positioning and established channels for legalization of Cannabis industry
- FDA registered, cGMP manufacturing facility
- Running at approximately 25% capacity room for growth
- Opportunity to roll-up similarly established brands through M&A





Hemp Derived Lifestyle Brands

- Revenue streams across the value chain
- Full portfolio of products hemp smokes, gummies, capsules, tinctures
- Established celebrity endorsement with industry influencers the Trailer Park Boys; with more on the horizon over 25 influencers targeted towards affiliate program
- Flexibility to adapt to shifting market depth





Company Overview & Projections

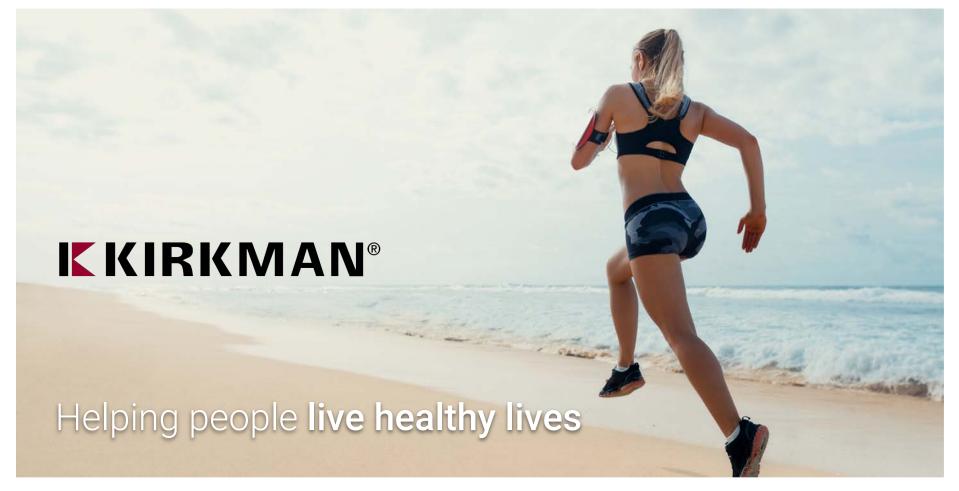
- √ Experienced operators Fortune 500 led team
- √ Established history with <u>global distribution (30+ countries)</u> throughout the US as well as Europe, Asia Pacific and MENA
- √ Vertically integrated to optimize manufacturing in a <u>cGMP certified</u> facility and <u>FDA registered</u>
- √ Hold 30 registered trademarks in over 17 jurisdictions
- ✓ Multiple brands Kirkman, Functional, Prenatal, Hemptown Naturals, & Golf Mellow with more to come



Company Snapshot

CATEGORY	DETAILS		
Industries	Health & Wellness		
Markets	US and over 30 countries globally		
Licenses Held	cGMP certified and FDA registered with pharmaceutical license		
Business Model	Consumer Packaged Goods		
Brands	Kirkman, Golf Mellow, Hemptown Naturals, Functional with more under development		
Products	Nutraceutical Supplements - Products available in top 12 in-demand categories Hemp – Gummies, Tinctures, and capsules		
Growth Drivers	New products, re-engineering processes, enhanced sales & marketing, M&A		







Kirkman



Established Brand in Business for Over 70 Years



200 SOPS



FDA Registered



Acquired by Hemptown in June 2019



Over 180 SKUS



cGMP Certified

Recognized for treating patients with Autism Spectrum Disorders and special dietary needs through an established network of over 2,000 doctors, in over 40 countries

State-Of-The-Art Equipment for Precision Dosages of Efficacious Supplements

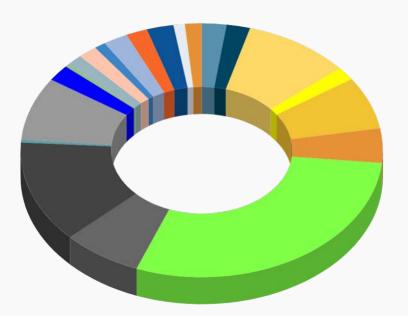
- Creams & Topicals
- Capsules & Tablets
- Powders and Liquids
- Tinctures



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Kirkman Expansive Portfolio

Kirkman operates in 95% of the major subsegments in the supplement industry



IKKIRKMAN®

- 2.2% Anti-aging
- 2.1% Anti-cancer
- 9.5% Bone & Joint Health
- 1.7% Energy & Weight Management
- 6.7% Cardiac Health
- 4.4% Diabetes
- 29.2% Energy & Weight Management
- 7.1% Gastrointestinal Health
- 13% General Health
- 0.4% Hangover
- 8% Immunity
- 2.1% Insomnia
- 0.4% Lungs Detox/ Cleanse
- 1.4% Menopause
- **1.7%** Mood
- 1% Nerves System Health
- 2.2% Prenatal Health
- 1.9% Sexual Health
- 2.4% Skin/ Hair/ Nails
- 1% Urinary Tract Health
- 1.5% Vision



Kirkman

KKIRKMAN®

Nutraceutical Supplements

- √ Testing beyond FDA requirements
- ✓ Gross margin: 27% to 85%
- √ Long-standing loyal customer and consumer base
- √ B2B business and D2C business
- √ Quality of the highest standard

Future Plans

- √ Expansion into Big Box Retailers
- √ Organic growth through enhanced sales & marketing efforts
- √ Optimized manufacturing process
- √ SKU differentiation
- √ Mergers & acquisitions of brands to leverage existing infrastructure









Prenatal Supplement





Prenatal Opportunity



Current market

- ✓ Prenatal supplements on the market littered with all sorts of contaminants toxins and metals
- ✓ Multiple class action lawsuits have been filed against major manufacturers in light of these concerns
- √ In October 2023, the International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics (FIGO) released a
 published statement and recommendations regarding prenatal vitamins
- √ FIGO recommendations
 - Patients should only consume and clinicians should only prescribe clean & safe supplements
 - Manufacturers should be held to a standard of production that assures safety
 - Certification of all prenatal vitamins becomes the standard of care





Prenatal Opportunity



Short-term

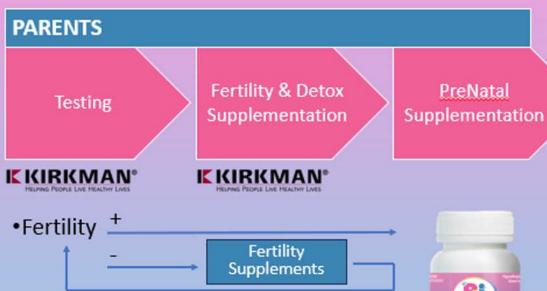
- ✓ **Only prenatal supplement on the market** which meets the criteria set by FIGO
- √ License agreement to produce exclusive prenatals to capture significant market share
- ✓ Global market to hit \$1bn by 2032 from \$522m in 2022 with expected CAGR of 7.1%





Prenatal Opportunity Long-term





Detox

Supplements

CHILD

Supplementation



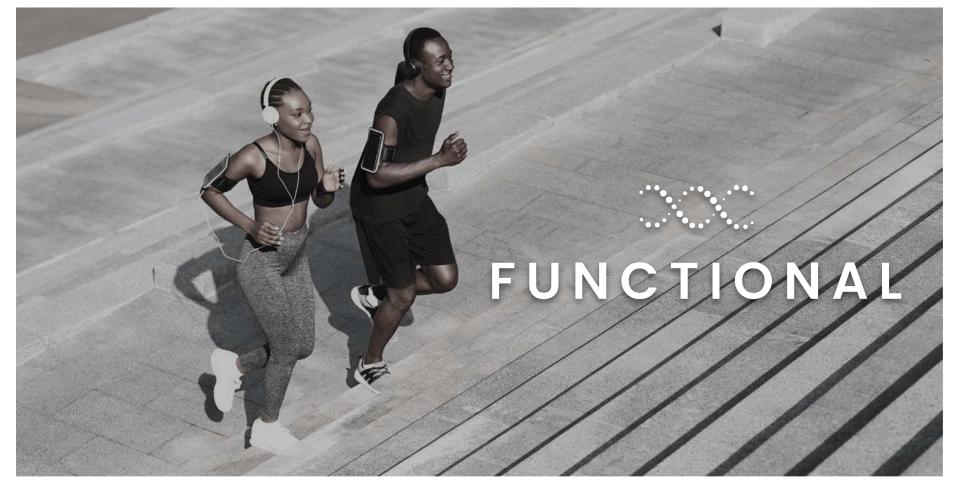








Toxicity ±





Nutraceutical Opportunity

- Global dietary supplements market size was valued at USD\$151.9bn in 2022 and is expected to expand at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 8.9% from 2023 to 2030
- The average American spends around \$56 per month on dietary supplements
- 43.8% of gym-goers use nutrition supplements
- The fitness industry is pulling the market for sports nutrition supplements upward by 9.1% annually



KKIRKMAN®



Product: Functional



Functional, is a mushroom based suite of products. Here are just some of the products we have in the works, focus for the following areas:

- Beauty Within
- Energy & Endurance
- Gut Health
- Immunity
- Mental Clarity & Focus

- Functional is Hemptown's latest wellness brand
- Leveraging clinically backed mushroom formulations









A True Lifestyle Brand...

Premium Hemp Products with CBD, CBG, and Zero Nicotine

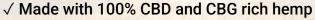




PREMIUM HEMP WITH HIGH-END GENETICS







- √ Direct from Hemptown's Oregon farm proprietary terpene infused filters
- √ Available in a wide range of flavours





Strategy Partnership









Strategy Partnership



Hemp stix



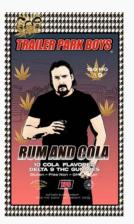


Regular Blend

Hemp-Derived D9 Gummies







Green Bastard

Orangie

Rum & Cola



Exposure & Reach





Trailer Park Boys has Strong Social reach 18.5 million downloaded the TPB podcast, nominated for Best of iTunes

- 3.5 million Twitter account views per month
- 2.5 million followers on Facebook
- 1.45 million video views on Youtube
- 1.5 million impression per week on Instagram
- 57% of their audience is in the US

Trailer Park Boys Public Relations













TPB US Live Shows Sell Out Year After Year



The World Loves the Boys









Product: Golf Mellow

Golf Mellow is part of our *specially formulated* line of sports products developed in-house geared specifically with golfers in mind.

Golf Mellow ranges with a variety of applications to help golfers bring their a-game.

What can you expect?

- Sleep caps ensures you're well <u>rested</u> the night before
- Super B12 powder provides the <u>energy</u> need for the perfect round
- Calm caps helps manage your <u>anxiety</u> when you need it most
- Epsom salt cream & recovery caps aids with <u>recovery</u> after the game

Enjoy it in any variety of ways

- Creams
- Capsules
- Tinctures













Overview: Golf Mellow



Why Hemptown?

- √ Made in the USA
- √ Manufactured in in a FDA registered and cGMP certified facility
- √ All products are tested twice by certified third-party labs - once as raw materials and again as finished products
- ✓ Proprietary formula specially designed to 'up your game' performance















Commercialization / Adoption Strategies

Events





MJBizCon 2021



Partnerships







E-commerce / Ad Platforms









Use of Proceeds

2024 IPO Financing

Kirkman Deferred Payment	\$2,500,000
Sales & Marketing	\$1,500,000
Market Awareness Marketing	\$1,000,000
Initial Public Offering - Expenses, Audit, Legal, Listing, Fees.	\$750,000
Financing Commissions and Fees	\$750,000
Working Capital and Contingency	\$500,000
Total (USD)	\$7,000,000



Executive



Eric Gripentrog CEO

Eric has worked in the Consumer-Packaged Goods industry for 27 years. He worked for the Kellogg Company for 25 years in several different roles, both domestically and internationally, and most recently leading Panera's Consumer Packaged Goods division.



Tariq Rahim, CPA, CA

Tariq is a licensed Chartered Professional Accountant with over 15 years of professional experience under his belt.

Coming from Canopy Growth, his addition has been instrumental in streamlining the financial reporting, HR and human resource management processes, bolstering Functional's strengths.

Disclaimer: Risk Factors

In evaluating the proposed investment in the Company, investors should carefully consider the following risk factors relating to the offering. These risk factors are not a definitive list of all risk factors associated with the offering and the business of the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties, including those currently unknown or considered immaterial by the Company, may also adversely affect the shares and/or the business of the Company. The following are risk factors which investors should carefully consider before making an investment decision.

The acquisition of any of the securities of the Company is speculative, involving a high degree of risk and should be undertaken only by persons whose financial resources are sufficient to enable them to assume such risks and who have no need for immediate liquidity in their investment. An investment in the securities of the Company should not constitute a major portion of an individual's investment portfolio and should only be made by persons who can afford a total loss of their

Risks Related to the Regulatory Environment
Risks Associated with Numerous Laws and Regulations: The production, tabeling and distribution of the products that the Company proposes to distribute are regulated by various federal, provincial, state and local agencies. These governmental authorities may commence regulatory or legal proceedings, which could restrict the permissible scope of the Company's ability to sell its products in the future.

The Company may be subject to regulation by the U.S. Drug Enforcement Agency ("DEA") and other agencies as a result of the manufacture and sale of its CBD products. The shifting compliance environment and the need to build and maintain robust systems to comply with different regulations in multiple jurisdictions increases the possibility that the Company may violate one or more of the requirements. If the Company's operations are found to be in violation, of any of such laws or any other governmental regulations, the Company may be subject to penalties, including, without limitation, civil and criminal penalties, damages, fines, the curtailment or restructuring of the Company's operations, any of which could adversely affect the Company's business and financial results.

Uncertainty Caused by Recent Changes to Regulatory Framework: With the passing of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 (the "2018 Farm Bill"), hemp, has been permanently removed from the U.S. Controlled Substances Act (the "CSA") and has been deemed an agricultural commodity, no longer mistaken as a controlled substance, like cannabis. By redefining hemo to include its "extracts cannabinoids and derivatives." the United States Congress has removed popular hemp products -- such as hemp-derived CBD -- from the purview of the CSA. Accordingly, many believe the DEA no longer has any claim to interfere with the interstate commerce of hemp products. Given the recent passage of the 2018 Farm Bill, it is unclear what impact this development will have on U.S. federal government enforcement policy, the hemp industry and the production and sale of hemp-derived products, including the products the Company is proposing to produce and sell. The hemp and CBD industries are new industries, subject to regulation, and there can be can be no assurance that it will grow, flourish or continue to the extent necessary to permit the Company to succeed.

The Company is Subject to Applicable Anti-Money Laundering Laws and Regulations: The Company is subject to a variety of laws and regulations that involve money laundering, financial recordkeeping and proceeds of crime, including the U.S. Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act of 1970 (commonly known as the Bank Secrecy Act), as amended by Title III of the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 (USA PATRIOT Act), the Proceeds of Crime (Money Laundering) and Terrorist Financing Act (Canada), as amended and the rules and regulations thereunder, and any related or similar rules, regulations or guidelines, issued, administered or enforced by governmental authorities in the United States and Canada.

In February 2014, the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network ("FCEN") of the U.S. Department of the Treasury issued a memorandum providing instructions to banks seeking to provide services to marijuana related businesses (the "FCEN Memo"). The FCEN Memo states that in some circumstances, it may not be appropriate to prosecute banks that provide services to marijuana-related businesses for violations of federal money laundering laws. It refers to supplementary guidance that Deputy Attorney General Cole issued to federal prosecutors relating to the prosecution of money Islandering offenses predicated on cannabis- related violations of the CSA. It is unclear at this time whether the current administration will follow the guidelines of the FCEN Memo.

If any of the Company's investments, or any proceeds thereof, any dividends or distributions therefrom, or any profits or revenues accruing from such investments in the United States were found to be in violation of money laundering legislation or otherwise, such transactions may be viewed as proceeds of crime under one or more of the statutes noted above or any other applicable legislation. This could restrict or otherwise jeopardize the ability of the Company to declare or pay dividends effect other distributions

Constraints on Marketing Products: The development of the Company's business and operating results may be hindered by applicable restrictions on sales and marketing activities imposed by government regulatory bodies. The regulatory environment in the United States limits the Company's ability to compete for market share in a manner similar to other industries. If the Company is unable to effectively market its products and compete for market share, or if the costs of compliance with government legislation and regulation cannot be absorbed through increased selling prices for its products, the Company's sales and operating results could be

Risks Generally Related to the Company

Unfavorable Publicity or Consumer Perception: The Company believes its industry is highly dependent upon consumer perception regarding the safety, efficacy, and quality of its products and perceptions of regulatory compliance. Consumer perception of the Company's products can be significantly influenced by regulatory investigations, litigation, media attention and other publicity. There can be no assurance that future regulatory proceedings, litigation, media attention or other research findings or publicity will be favourable to the CBD market or any particular product, or consistent with earlier publicity. The Company's dependence upon consumer perceptions means that adverse regulatory proceedings, litigation, media attention or other publicity, whether or not accurate or with merit, could have a material adverse effect on the Company, the demand for products, and the business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows of the Company, Further, adverse publicity reports or other media attention regarding the safety, efficacy and quality of CBD products in general, or the Company's products specifically, or associating the consumption of CBD products with illness or other negative effects or events, could have such a material adverse effect. Consumers, vendors, landlords/lessors, industry partners or third-party service providers may incorrectly perceive hemp products as marijuana thereby applying the unfavourable stigma of marijuana to the Company's products. Such adverse publicity reports or other media attention could arise even if the adverse effects associated with such products resulted from consumers' failure to consume such products legally, appropriately or as directed.

Limited Operating History. The Company has a limited operating history, which can make it difficult for investors to evaluate the Company's operations and prospects and may increase the risks associated with investment into the Company. The Company's business and prospects must be considered in light of the risks, expenses and difficulties frequently encountered by companies in the early stage of development.

Competition: The markets for businesses in the CBD and hemp oil industries are competitive and evolving. In particular, the Company faces strong competition from both existing and emerging companies that offer similar products. Some of its current and potential competitors may have longer operating histories, greater financial, marketing and other resources and larger customer bases than the Company has. Given the rapid changes affecting the global, national, and regional economies generally and the CRD industry in particular, the Company may not be able to create and maintain a competitive advantage in the marketplace. The Company's success will depend on its ability to keep pace with any changes in such markets, especially in light of legal and regulatory, changes, its success will decend on the Company's ability to respond to, among other things, changes in the economy, market conditions, and competitive pressures. Any failure by the Company to anticipate or respond adequately

Future Acquisitions or Dispositions: Material acquisitions, dispositions and other strategic transactions involve a number of risks, including: (i) potential, dispositions of the Company's ongoing business. (ii) distraction of management. (iii) the Company may become more financially leveraged. (iv) the anticipated benefits and cost savings of those transactions may not be realized fully or at all or may take longer to realize than expected. (v) increasing the scope and complexity of the Company's operations, and (vi) loss or reduction of control over certain of the Company's assets. Additionally, the Company may issue additional equity interests in connection with such transactions, which would dilute a shareholder's holdings in the Company

The size of the Company's target market is difficult to quantify and investors will be reliant on their own estimates on the accuracy of market data

Recause the Company's industry is in an early stane with uncertain boundaries, there is a lack of information about comparable companies available for

investors to review in deciding about whether to invest in the Company and, few, if any, established companies whose business model the Company can follow or upon whose success the Company can build. Accordingly, investors will have to rely on their own estimates in deciding about whether to invest in the Company. There can be no assurance that the Company's estimates will be accurate or that the market size is sufficiently large for its business to grow as projected, which may negatively impact its financial results.

Research and Market Development: Although the Company will be committed to researching and developing new markets and products and improving existing products, there can be no assurances that such research and market development activities will prove profitable or that the resulting markets and/or products, if any, will be commercially viable or successfully produced and marketed.

Due to the early stage of the CBD industry, forecasts regarding the size of the industry and the sales of products by the Company is inherently subject to significant unreliability. A failure in the demand for products to materialize as a result of competition, technological Environmental Risk and Regulation: The operations of the Company are subject to environmental regulation. These regulations mandate, among other things, the maintenance of air and water quality standards and land reclamation. They also set forth limitations on the generation, transportation, storage and disposal of solid and hazardous waste. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner which will require stricter standards and enforcement, increased fines and penalties for non-compliance. more stringent environmental assessments of proposed projects and a heighteen degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors (or the equivalent thereof) and employees. There is no assurance that future changes in environmental regulation, if any, will not adversely, affect the operations of

Operation Permits and Authorizations: The Company may be required to obtain and maintain certain permits, licenses and approvals in the jurisdictions where its products are licensed. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain or maintain any necessary licenses, permits or approvals. Moreover, the Company and/or third-party suppliers of CBD hemp oil products could be required to obtain a CSA permit, which would likely not be a feasible option for retail products. Any material delay or inability to receive these items is likely to delay and/or inhibit the Company's ability to conduct its business, and would have an adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

Product Liability: The Company may be subject to various product liability claims, including, among others, that its products caused injury or illness, include inadequate instructions for use or include inadequate warnings concerning possible side effects or interactions with other substances. A product liability claim or regulatory action against the Company could result in increased costs, could adversely affect the Company's reputation, and could have a material

Risks Inherent in an Agricultural Business: The Company's business is dependent on the outdoor growth and production of hemp, an agricultural product. As such, the risks inherent in engaging in agricultural businesses apply. Potential risks include low yields, the risk that crops may become diseased or victim to insects or other pests and contamination, or subject to extreme weather conditions such as excess rainfall, freezing temperature, or drought, all of which could result in low crop yields, decreased availability of hemp, and higher acquisition prices. The Company's ability to obtain adequate (or any) insurance relating to the foregoing risks Hemp Plant Specific Agricultural Risks: Hemp plants can be vulnerable to various pathogens including bacteria, fungi, viruses and other miscellaneous pathogens. Such instances often lead to reduced crop quality, stunted growth and/or death of the plant. Moreover, hemp is phytoremediation meaning that it may extract toxins or other undesirable chemicals or compounds from the ground in which it is planted. Various regulatory agencies have established maximum limits for pathogens, toxins, chemicals and other compounds that may be present in agricultural materials. If the Company's hemp is found to have levels of pathogens, toxins, chemicals or other undesirable compounds that exceed established limits, the Company may have to destroy the applicable portions of its hemp crop. Should the Company's crops be lost due to pathogens, toxins, chemicals or other undesirable compounds, it may have a material adverse effect, on its business and financial condition

Key Personnel: The Company's success and future will depend, to a significant degree, on the continued efforts of its directors, officers and key employees, including certain technical individuals, and sales and marketing personnel, the retention of which cannot be guaranteed. The loss of key personnel could materially adversely affect the Company's business. The loss of any such personnel could harm or delay the plans of the Company's business either while management time is directed to finding suitable replacements (who, in any event, may not be available), or, if not, covering such vacancy until suitable replacements can be found. In either case, this may have a material adverse effect on the future of the Company's business. Competition for such personnel can be intense, and the Company cannot provide assurance that it will be able to attract or retain highly qualified technical, sales, marketing and management personnel in the future.

Management of Growth: As the Company grows, the Company will also be required to hire, train, supervise and manage new employees. The Company may experience a period of significant growth in the number of personnel that will place a strain upon its management systems and resources. Its future will depend in part on the ability of its officers and other key employees to implement and improve financial and management controls, reporting systems and procedures on a timely basis and to expand, train, motivate and manage the workforce. The Company's current and planned personnel, systems, procedures and controls may be inadequate to support its future operations. Failure to effectively manage any future growth could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Fraudulent or Illegal Activity by Employees, Contractors and Consultants: The Company is exposed to the risk that any of its employees, independent contractors and consultants may engage in fraudulent or other illegal activity. Misconduct by these parties could include intentional, reckless and/or negligent conduct or disclosure of unauthorized activities to the Company that violates. (i) government regulations. (ii) manufacturing standards, or (iii) laws that require the true, complete and accurate reporting of financial information or data. It may not always be possible for the Company to identify and deter misconduct by its employees and other third parties, and the precautions taken by the Company to detect and prevent this activity may not be effective in controlling unknown or unmanaged risks or losses or in protecting the Company from governmental investigations or other actions or lawsuits stemming from a failure to be in, compliance with such laws or regulations. If any such actions are instituted against the Company, and it is not successful in defending itself or asserting its rights, those actions could have a significant impact on the business of the Company, including the imposition of civil, criminal and strative penalties, damages, monetary fines, contractual damages, reputational harm, diminished profits and future earnings, and curtailment of the operations of the Company, any of which could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects of the

Intellectual Property: The success of the Company will depend, in part, on the ability of the Company to maintain and enhance trade secret protection over their existing and potential proprietary techniques and processes. The Company may be vulnerable to competitors who develop competing technology whether independently or as a result of acquiring access to the proprietary products and trade secrets of the Company. In addition, effective future patent copyright, and trade secret protection may be unavailable or limited in certain foreign countries and may be unenforceable under the laws of certain jurisdictions. Failure of the Company to adequately maintain and enhance protection over its proprietary techniques and processes could have a materially adverse impact on the business, financial condition and operating results of the Company.

Availability of Adequate Crop Insurance: The Company may not be able to obtain crop insurance at economically feasible rates, on acceptable terms or at all. As a result, the Company may have limited or no recourse in the event of a failed crop or other event that standard crop insurance would typically insure against. Such inability may adversely affect the Company's business and operating results.

Litigation: The Company may become party to litigation from time to time in the ordinary course of business which could adversely affect its business. Should any litigation in which the Company becomes involved be determined against it, such a decision could adversely affect the ability of the Company to continue operating and could use significant resources. Even if the Company is involved in litigation and wins, litigation can redirect significant resources. Operational Risks: The Company may be affected by a number of operational risks and may not be adequately insured for certain risks, including: labor disputes; catastrophic accidents; fires; blockades or other acts of social activism; changes in the regulatory environment; impact of non-compliance with

and regulations; natural phenomena, such as inclement weather conditions, floods, earthquakes and ground movements. There is no assurance that the foregoing risks and hazards will not result in damage to, or destruction of, the Company's properties, grow facilities and extraction facilities, personal injury or death, environmental damage, or have an adverse impact on the Company's operations, costs, monetary losses, potential legal liability and adverse governmental action, any of which could have an adverse impact on the future cash flows, earnings and financial condition of the Company. Also, the Company may be subject to or affected by liability or sustain loss for certain risks and hazards against which they may elect not to insure because of the cost. This lack of insurance coverage could have an adverse impact on future cash flows, earnings, results of operations and

Difficulty Implementing Business Strategy: The growth and expansion of the Company is heavily dependent upon the successful implementation of its business strategy. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in the implementation of its business strategy.

Conflicts of Interest: Certain of the Company's directors and officers are, and may continue to be, involved in other business ventures through their direct and indirect participation in corporations, partnerships, joint ventures, etc. that may become potential competitors of the technologies, products and services the Company intends to provide. Situations may arise where the other interests of these directors and officers conflict with or diverge from the Company's interests. Certain of such conflicts may be required to be disclosed in accordance with such procedure and remedies as applicable under applicable corporate law, however, such procedures and remedies may not fully protect the Company. In addition, in conflict of interest situations, the Company's directors and officers may owe the same duty to another company and will need to balance their competing interests with their duties to the Company, Circumstances (including with respect to future corporate opportunities) may arise that may be resolved in a manner that

Effect of General Economic and Political Conditions: The business of the Company is subject to the impact of changes in national or North American economic conditions including, but not limited to, recessionary or inflationary trends, equity market conditions, consumer credit availability, interest rates, consumers' disposable income and spending levels, job security and unemployment, and overall consumer confidence. These economic conditions may be further affected by political events throughout the world that cause disruptions in the financial markets, either directly or indirectly Adverse economic, and political developments could have a material adverse effect on the husiness, financial condition, results of operations or prospects of the Company. Information Technology Systems and Cyber Security Risk

The Company's use of technology is critical in its continued operations. The Company is susceptible to operational, financial and information security risks resulting from cyber-attacks and/or technological malfunctions. Successful cyber-attacks and/or technological malfunctions affecting the Company or its service providers can result in, among other things, financial losses, the inability to process transactions, the unauthorized release of customer information or confidential information and reputational risk.

Risks Related to the Offering

business, financial condition and results of operations

is unfavorable to the Company.

Resale of Securities and Liquidity. There is currently no market through which the securities of the Company may be sold and purchasers may not be able to resell those securities. There can be no assurance that an active and liquid market for securities of the Company will develop or be maintained Dividends: Holders of shares of the Company will not have a right to dividends on such shares unless declared by the Company's board of directors (the "Board"). The Company has not paid dividends in the past, and it is not anticipated that the Company will pay any dividends in the foreseeable future. Dividends paid by the Company would be subject to tax and, potentially, withholdings. The declaration of dividends is at the discretion of the Board, even if the Company has sufficient funds, net of its liabilities, to pay such dividends, and the declaration of any dividend will depend on the Company's financial results, cash requirements, future prospects and other factors deemed relevant by the Board.

Dilution: The Company may find it necessary in the future to obtain additional debt or equity financing to support ongoing operations, to undertake capital expenditures or to undertake acquisitions or other business combination transactions. There can be no assurance that additional financing will be available to the Company when needed or on terms acceptable to the Company. The Company's inability to raise financing to support ongoing operations or to fund capital expenditures or acquisitions could limit the Company's growth and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business. financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. If additional funds are raised through issuances of equity or convertible debt securities, existing shareholders could suffer significant dilution, and any new equity securities issued could have rights, preferences and privileges superior to those of holders of common shares.

Discretion in the Use of Proceeds: Management of the Company will have discretion concerning the use of the net proceeds of the offering. Therefore, an investor will be relying on the judgment of management for the application of the net proceeds of the offering. Management has discretion to use the net proceeds of the offering in their discretion if they believe it would be in the Company's best interest to do so and in ways that an investor may not consider desirable. If the Company does not apply these funds efficiently it may adversely affect the operational results.

Loss of Foreign Private Issuer Status: The Company is a Foreign Private Issuer as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act and Rule 3b-4 under the Exchange Act. If, as of the last business day of the Company's second fiscal quarter for any year, more than 50% of the Company's outstandi voting securities (as determined under Rule 405 of the Securities Act) are directly or indirectly held of record by residents of the United States, the Company will no longer meet the definition of a Foreign Private Issuer, which may have adverse consequences on the Company's ability to raise capital in private placements or Canadian prospectus offerings. In addition, the loss of the Company's Foreign Private Issuer status may likely result in increased reporting requirements and increased audit, legal and administration costs. These increased costs may significantly affect the Company's

The term "Foreign Private Issuer" is defined as any non-U.S. corporation, other than a foreign government, except any issuer meeting the following

(a)more than 50 percent of the outstanding voting securities of such issuer are, directly or indirectly, held of record by residents of the United States; and (b)any one of the following: (i) the majority of the executive officers or directors are United States citizens or residents, or (ii)more than 50 percent of the assets of the issuer are located in the United States, or (iii) the business of the issuer is administered principally in the United States.

A "holder of record" is defined by Rule 12o5-1 under the Exchange Act, Generally speaking, the holder identified on the record of security holders is considered as the record holder

In December 2016, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") issued a Compliance and Disclosure Interpretation to clarify that issuers with multiple classes of voting stock carrying different voting rights may, for the purposes of calculating compliance with this threshold, examine either (i) the combined voting power of its share classes, or (ii) the number of voting securities, in each case held of record by U.S. residents. Based on this interpretation, each issued and outstanding Class A common share of the Company is counted as one voting security and each issued and outstanding common share of the Company is counted as one voting security for the purposes of determining the 50 percent U.S. resident threshold and the

Company is a "Foreign Private Issuer". Should the SEC's guidance and interpretation change, it is likely the Company will lose its Foreign Private Issuer status. Unpredictability Caused by Anticinated Capital Structure and Voting Control

Given the dual class capital structure contemplated in respect of the Company and the concentration of voting control held by the holders of the Class

A common shares of the Company, this structure and control could result in a lower market price for, or greater fluctuations in, the market price of the Company's common shares or adverse publicity to the Company or other adverse consequences